## Provocation Ideas Festival Survey 2024 War in Gaza, Discourse, Protests

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## Key Findings

## Most agree it is both important for Israel to exist as a Jewish state and to create a state for the Palestinians

While most respondents reported feeling somewhere in the middle "Don't know/Feel split" between taking Israel's and the Palestinians' side, there's strong agreement for the idea that it is both important for Israel to exist as a Jewish state (52\%), and to create a state for the Palestinians (49\%). Looking further at subgroups, among respondents who report mostly/always agreeing with the Palestinians' views, $43 \%$ still agree that it's important for Israel to exist as a Jewish state. Among those who mostly/always take Israel's view, $42 \%$ agreed it was important to create a state for the Palestinians.

## Canadians are largely in agreement about what types of speech on Israel/Palestine should be allowed

3 Canadians as a whole feel very similarly about speech supporting/opposing either state. A majority say that speech supporting either state should be allowed, and a plurality feel the same about speech opposing either state. What's more, Canadians as a whole are in agreement that speech calling for violence or saying that either group are a threat to Canadian society should not be allowed.

## Supporters of Israel and the Palestinians respect speech rights of each other

Fifty-percent (50\%) of respondents who said they take Israel's view believe that speech opposing Israel's right to exist as a Jewish state should be allowed, and $53 \%$ of those taking the Palestinians' view feel the same about speech opposing a Palestinian state. Similarly, $62 \%$ of those taking the Palestinians' view report thinking that speech supporting Israel's right to exist as a Jewish state should be allowed, and 63\% of respondents who take Israel's view think the same about speech supporting a Palestinian state.

When it comes to protests, only "marches in cities" garnered net positive support
Overall, support for pro-Israeli and pro-Palestinian protest actions were roughly similar. And the only protest action that received net positive support for either pro-Israeli or pro-Palestinian protests was "marches by supporters in Canada's major cities", $+7 \%$ and $+11 \%$ respectively.

War in Gaza

## Engagement:

## About half are following the Israel-Palestine news closely, higher among those taking a view

How closely would you say you follow news about the recent situation in the Middle East involving Israel and the Palestinians?
[asked of all respondents, $n=1,000$ ]

Closely: 51\%


Segmentation


## General Attitude Segmentation:

Respondents are split on their views, but 60\% are either neutral or don't have a point of view
Q. Generally, when you think about the situation involving Israel and the Palestinians, do you...?
[asked of all respondents, $n=1,000$ ]


## General Attitude BY Groups:

More younger people take the Palestinians' view, while older people (55+) tend to take Israel's viewGenerally, when you think about the situation involving Israel and the Palestinians, do you...?
[asked of all respondents, $\mathrm{n}=1,000$ ]


## General Attitude BY Groups:

Conservatives more likely to take Israel's view, NDP more likely to take the Palestinians' view
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Generally, when you think about the situation involving Israel and the Palestinians, do you...?
[asked of all respondents, $\mathrm{n}=1,000$ ]


## Attitude towards Statehood:

Net agreement well positive on both statements, slightly higher on Israel's statehood
a.

To what extent to you agree or disagree with the following statements:
[asked of all respondents, $n=1,000$ ]


## Attitude towards Israel's Statehood Segmentation:

Net agreement +19\% for those who take Palestinians' view


## Attitude towards Palestine's Statehood Segmentation:

Net agreement +8\% for those who take Israel's view


Discourse

## Attitude towards Freedom of Expression (Part 1):

Agreement to both types of speech mostly positive, equal for both statehoodsRegardless of your own opinions, do you think people in Canada should be allowed to express each of the following in public, even if it might offend others? [asked of all respondents, $\mathrm{n}=1,000$ ]



## Speech That Supports Israel's Right to Exist as a Jewish State:

$62 \%$ of those that take the Palestinians' view say speech that supports Israel's right to exist should be allowed

Regardless of your own opinions, do you think people in Canada should be allowed to express each of the following in public, even if it might offend others? [asked of all respondents, $n=1,000$ ]

Speech that supports Israel's right to exist as a Jewish state


## Speech That Supports Palestinians Having Their Own State:

$63 \%$ of those that take Israel's view think speech that supports Palestinians having a state should be allowed

Regardless of your own opinions, do you think people in Canada should be allowed to express each of the following in public, even if it might offend others? [asked of all respondents, $n=1,000$ ]

Speech that supports Palestinians having their own state


## Speech That Opposes Israel's Right to Exist as a Jewish State:

Half that take Israel's view agree that speech that opposes Israel's right to exist should still be allowed

Regardless of your own opinions, do you think people in Canada should be allowed to express each of the following in public, even if it might offend others? [asked of all respondents, $n=1,000$ ]

Speech that opposes Israel's right to exist as a Jewish state


## Speech That Opposes Palestinians Having Their Own State:

$53 \%$ taking Palestinians' view agree that speech that opposes a Palestinian state should be allowed

Regardless of your own opinions, do you think people in Canada should be allowed to express each of the following in public, even if it might offend others? [asked of all respondents, $n=1,000$ ]

Speech that opposes Palestinians' having their own state


## Attitude towards Freedom of Expression (Part 2):

Majority think that speech that calls for violence or labels groups as threats should not be allowedAgain, regardless of your own opinions, do you think people in Canada should be allowed to express each of the following in public, even if it might offend others? [asked of all respondents, $n=1,000$ ]


## Speech That Calls for Violence Against Jews:

Opposition towards speech that calls for violence against Jews consistent across segments

Regardless of your own opinions, do you think people in Canada should be allowed to express each of the following in public, even if it might offend others? [asked of all respondents, $n=1,000$ ]

Speech that calls for violence against Jews


## Speech That Calls for Violence Against Muslims:

Opposition towards speech that calls for violence against Muslims fairly consistent—higher among Israel's view

Regardless of your own opinions, do you think people in Canada should be allowed to express each of the following in public, even if it might offend others? [asked of all respondents, $n=1,000$ ]

Speech that calls for violence against Muslims


## Speech That Calls Jews a Threat to Canadian Society:

Those taking the Palestinians' view are more likely than those taking Israel's view to disagree with this statement

Regardless of your own opinions, do you think people in Canada should be allowed to express each of the following in public, even if it might offend others? [asked of all respondents, $n=1,000$ ]

Speech that calls Jews a threat to Canadian society


# Speech That Calls Muslims a Threat to Canadian Society: 

1-in-4 Israel's supporters think speech that calls Muslims a threat to Canadian society should be allowed

Regardless of your own opinions, do you think people in Canada should be allowed to express each of the following in public, even if it might offend others? [asked of all respondents, $n=1,000$ ]

Speech that calls Muslims a threat to Canadian society


## Attitude towards Hate, Discrimination, and Violence:

3-in-4 think hate, discrimination, and violence is a significant problem, consistent across segments


In recent years, Canadians of different origins have sometimes experienced hate, discrimination, or violence, based on conflicts or events in their countries of origin. For example, Asian-Canadians after the COVID-19 outbreak, RussianCanadians after Russia's full-scale invasion of Ukraine, Muslim-Canadians after the start of the war in Gaza, and Jewish-Canadians after the same.

How significant of a problem do you think this type of hate, discrimination, or violence, is in Canada? [asked of all respondents, $n=1,000$ ]

Significant: 73\%


Segmentation


# Canada Doing Too Much/Too Little: 



Do you think Canada currently does enough, too much, or too little, when it comes to protecting Canadians of different backgrounds from disputes or conflicts arising from events happening in their countries of origin? [asked of all respondents, $\mathrm{n}=1,000$ ]


Segmentation


Protests

## Engagement with the Protests:

45\% have been following the protests closely, higher among those taking a view

Qecently, the war in Gaza sparked protests in Canada. How closely have you been following news about the protests?
[asked of all respondents, $n=1,000$ ]


Segmentation


## Support for Pro-Israeli Protestors:

Net support negative for all types of pro-Israeli protests except marches in Canada's major cities
Q. Do you support or oppose pro-Israeli protestors undertaking the following activities to advance their concerns?
[asked of all respondents, $n=1,000$ ]
Net Support


## Pro-Israeli Marches:

Net support equal at $+15 \%$ for both Israel's and the Palestinians' supporters

Do you support or oppose pro-Israeli protestors undertaking the following activities to advance their concerns?
[asked of all respondents, $n=1,000$ ]
Marches by Supporters in Canada's Major Cities
Net Support


## Pro-Israeli Protests That Do Not Interfere with Education Activities:

Those siding with Palestinians are more open to non-disruptive pro-Israeli protests than those siding with Israel


Do you support or oppose pro-Israeli protestors undertaking the following activities to advance their concerns?
[asked of all respondents, $n=1,000$ ]
Protests that establish a "camp" where student-protestors gather but do not interfere with education activities
Net Support


## Pro-Israeli Protests That Create a Disruption on Campus:

Most oppose - but there are higher relative levels of support among those taking the Palestinians' view

Do you support or oppose pro-Israeli protestors undertaking the following activities to advance their concerns?
[asked of all respondents, $n=1,000$ ]
Protests on campus that create a disruption, including occupying school buildings
Net Support


## Pro-Israeli Blockades:

Net support for pro-Israeli blockades highly negative across all segments

Q
Do you support or oppose pro-Israeli protestors undertaking the following activities to advance their concerns?
[asked of all respondents, $n=1,000$ ]
Blockades of major highways and bridges
Net Support


## Support for Pro-Palestinian Protestors:

Net support negative for all types of pro-Palestinian protests except marches in Canada's major cities

Q Do you support or oppose pro-Palestinian protestors undertaking the following activities to advance their concerns?
[asked of all respondents, $n=1,000$ ]
Net Support


## Pro-Palestinian Marches:

Those taking Israel's view are unlikely to support pro-Palestinian marchesDo you support or oppose pro-Palestinian protestors undertaking the following activities to advance their concerns?
[asked of all respondents, $n=1,000$ ]
Marches by Supporters in Canada's Major Cities
Net Support


## Pro-Palestinian Protests That Do Not Interfere with Education Activities:

Majority of Israel's supporters do not support non-disruptive pro-Palestinian campus protests


Do you support or oppose pro-Palestinian protestors undertaking the following activities to advance their concerns?
[asked of all respondents, $n=1,000$ ]
Protests that establish a "camp" where student-protestors gather but do not interfere with education activities
Net Support


## Pro-Palestinian Protests That Create a Disruption on Campus:

Only the Palestinians' supporters demonstrate positive (+1\%) net support for disruptive pro-Palestinian protests

Do you support or oppose pro-Palestinian protestors undertaking the following activities to advance their concerns?
[asked of all respondents, $n=1,000$ ]
Protests on campus that create a disruption, including occupying school buildings
Net Support


## Pro-Palestinian Blockades:

Net support for pro-Palestinian blockades highly negative across all segments

Do you support or oppose pro-Palestinian protestors undertaking the following activities to advance their concerns?
[asked of all respondents, $n=1,000$ ]
Blockades of major highways and bridges
Net Support


## Protest Reaction Comparison

## Pro-Israeli/Pro-Palestinian Protest Comparison:

## A plurality only support marches from either protest group

Do you support or oppose:


- Somewhat support
- Somewhat oppose
- Don't know


## Comparison to Previous Protests:

Pro-Israeli/pro-Palestinian protest support closer to Wet'suwet'en protests and higher than truck drivers' protests


Do you support or oppose:
Net Support


Methodologies

## 2024 Survey Methodology

## These are the results of an online survey conducted between May $16^{\text {th }}$ and May 28 $^{\text {th }}, 2024$.

Method: This online survey was conducted using INNOVATIVE's Canada 20/20 national research panel with additional respondents from Lucid, a leading provider of online samples. Each survey is administered to a series of randomly selected samples from the panel and weighted to ensure that the overall sample's composition reflects that of the actual Canadian population according to Census data to provide results that are intended to approximate a probability sample.

Sample Size: $\mathrm{n}=1,872$ Canadian citizens, 18 years or older. The results are nationally weighted to $n=1,000$ based on Census data from Statistics Canada.

Field Dates: May $16^{\text {th }}$ and May $28^{\text {th }}, 2024$.
Weighting: Results for Canada are weighted by age, gender, region, education, and self-reported federal past vote to ensure that the overall sample's composition reflects that of the actual population according to Census data, in order to provide results that are intended to approximate a probability sample. Weighted and unweighted frequencies are reported in the table.
Margin of Error: This is a representative sample. However, since the online survey was not a random probability-based sample, a margin of error cannot be calculated. Statements about margins of sampling error or population estimates do not apply to most online panels.

Note: Graphs may not always total $100 \%$ due to rounding values rather than any error in data. Sums are added before rounding numbers.

|  | Unweighted <br> (n) | Unweighted <br> (\%) |  | Weighted <br> (n) |  | Weighted <br> (\%) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Men 18-34 | 183 | $9.8 \%$ | 133 | $13.4 \%$ |  |  |
| Men 35-54 | 260 | $14.0 \%$ | 158 | $15.9 \%$ |  |  |
| Men 55+ | 433 | $23.2 \%$ | 192 | $19.3 \%$ |  |  |
| Women 18-34 | 228 | $12.2 \%$ | 134 | $13.4 \%$ |  |  |
| Women 35-54 | 300 | $16.1 \%$ | 164 | $16.5 \%$ |  |  |
| Women 55+ | 459 | $24.6 \%$ | 213 | $21.4 \%$ |  |  |
| BC | 341 | $18.2 \%$ | 140 | $14.0 \%$ |  |  |
| AB | 223 | $11.9 \%$ | 112 | $11.2 \%$ |  |  |
| Prairies | 117 | $6.3 \%$ | 65 | $6.5 \%$ |  |  |
| ON | 660 | $35.3 \%$ | 386 | $38.6 \%$ |  |  |
| QC | 398 | $21.3 \%$ | 230 | $23.0 \%$ |  |  |
| Atlantic | 133 | $7.1 \%$ | 67 | $6.7 \%$ |  |  |

## 2022 Survey Methodology

## These are the results of an online survey conducted between February $4^{\text {th }}$ and February $14^{\text {th }}, 2022$.

Method: This online survey was conducted using INNOVATIVE's Canada 20/20 national research panel with additional respondents from Dynata, a leading provider of online samples. Each survey is administered to a series of randomly selected samples from the panel and weighted to ensure that the overall sample's composition reflects that of the actual Canadian population according to Census data to provide results that are intended to approximate a probability sample.

Sample Size: $\mathrm{n}=1,598$ Canadian citizens, 18 years or older. The results are nationally weighted to $n=1,000$ based on Census data from Statistics Canada.

Field Dates: February $4^{\text {th }}$ and February $14^{\text {th }}, 2024$.
Weighting: Results for Canada are weighted by age, gender, region, and party identification to ensure that the overall sample's composition reflects that of the actual population according to Census data, in order to provide results that are intended to approximate a probability sample. Weighted and unweighted frequencies are reported in the table.
Margin of Error: This is a representative sample. However, since the online survey was not a random probability-based sample, a margin of error cannot be calculated. Statements about margins of sampling error or population estimates do not apply to most online panels.

Note: Graphs may not always total $100 \%$ due to rounding values rather than any error in data. Sums are added before rounding numbers.

|  | Unweighted <br> (n) | Unweighted <br> (\%) |  | Weighted <br> (n) |  | Weighted <br> (\%) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Men 18-34 | 131 | $8.3 \%$ | 137 | $13.9 \%$ |  |  |
| Men 35-54 | 221 | $13.9 \%$ | 161 | $16.4 \%$ |  |  |
| Men 55+ | 369 | $23.3 \%$ | 178 | $18.1 \%$ |  |  |
| Women 18-34 | 214 | $13.5 \%$ | 137 | $14.0 \%$ |  |  |
| Women 35-54 | 296 | $18.7 \%$ | 168 | $17.1 \%$ |  |  |
| Women 55+ | 355 | $22.4 \%$ | 201 | $20.5 \%$ |  |  |
| BC | 293 | $18.3 \%$ | 132 | $13.2 \%$ |  |  |
| AB | 163 | $10.2 \%$ | 113 | $11.3 \%$ |  |  |
| Prairies | 76 | $4.8 \%$ | 66 | $6.6 \%$ |  |  |
| ON | 682 | $42.7 \%$ | 386 | $38.6 \%$ |  |  |
| QC | 284 | $17.8 \%$ | 235 | $23.5 \%$ |  |  |
| Atlantic | 100 | $6.3 \%$ | 69 | $6.9 \%$ |  |  |

## 2020 Survey Methodology

## These are the results of an online survey conducted between March 13 ${ }^{\text {th }}$ and March $18^{\text {th }}, 2020$.

Method: This online survey was conducted using INNOVATIVE's Canada 20/20 national research panel with additional respondents from Lucid, a leading provider of online samples. Each survey is administered to a series of randomly selected samples from the panel and weighted to ensure that the overall sample's composition reflects that of the actual Canadian population according to Census data to provide results that are intended to approximate a probability sample.

Sample Size: $\mathrm{n}=2,740$ Canadian citizens, 18 years or older. The results are nationally weighted to $n=1,200$ based on Census data from Statistics Canada.

Field Dates: March $13^{\text {th }}$ and March $18^{\text {th }}, 2020$.
Weighting: Results for Canada are weighted by age, gender, region, and party identification to ensure that the overall sample's composition reflects that of the actual population according to Census data, in order to provide results that are intended to approximate a probability sample. Weighted and unweighted frequencies are reported in the table.
Margin of Error: This is a representative sample. However, since the online survey was not a random probability-based sample, a margin of error cannot be calculated. Statements about margins of sampling error or population estimates do not apply to most online panels.

Note: Graphs may not always total $100 \%$ due to rounding values rather than any error in data. Sums are added before rounding numbers.

|  | Unweighted <br> (n) | Unweighted <br> (\%) |  | Weighted <br> (n) |  | Weighted <br> (\%) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Men 18-34 | 297 | $10.8 \%$ | 165 | $13.8 \%$ |  |  |
| Men 35-54 | 393 | $14.3 \%$ | 201 | $16.7 \%$ |  |  |
| Men 55+ | 688 | $25.1 \%$ | 217 | $18.1 \%$ |  |  |
| Women 18-34 | 313 | $11.4 \%$ | 163 | $13.6 \%$ |  |  |
| Women 35-54 | 459 | $16.8 \%$ | 208 | $17.4 \%$ |  |  |
| Women 55+ | 590 | $21.5 \%$ | 245 | $20.4 \%$ |  |  |
| BC | 511 | $18.6 \%$ | 163 | $13.6 \%$ |  |  |
| AB | 383 | $14.0 \%$ | 136 | $11.3 \%$ |  |  |
| Prairies | 116 | $4.2 \%$ | 80 | $6.7 \%$ |  |  |
| ON | 1,123 | $41.0 \%$ | 459 | $38.3 \%$ |  |  |
| QC | 286 | $10.4 \%$ | 280 | $23.3 \%$ |  |  |
| Atlantic | 321 | $11.7 \%$ | 82 | $6.8 \%$ |  |  |

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